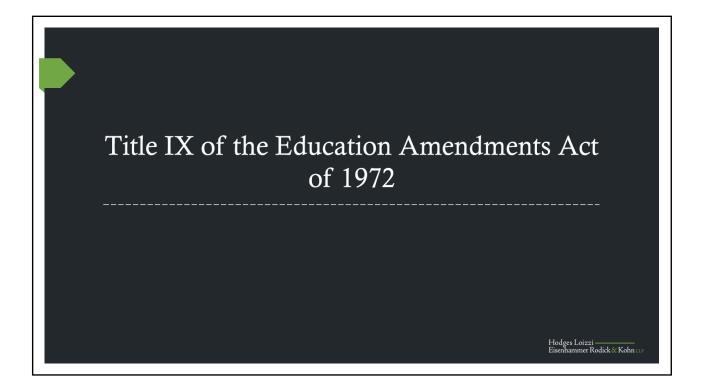
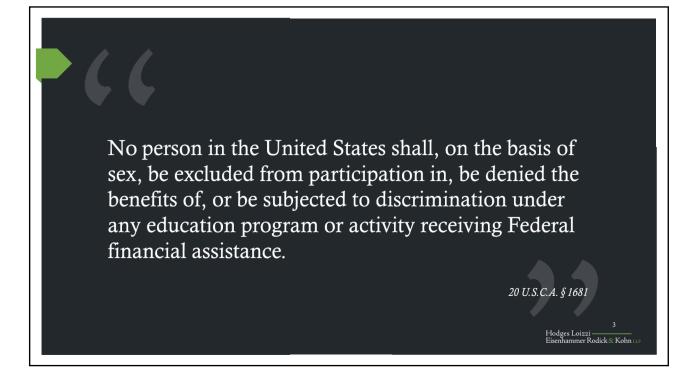


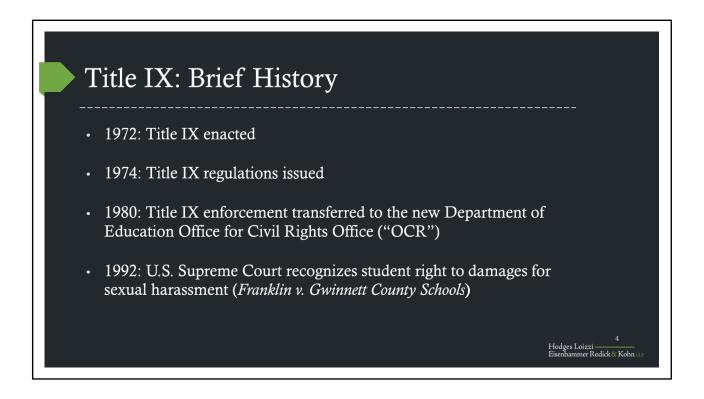
Gavin School District 37 October 6, 2020

Presented by: Cindi DeCola & Jennifer Rosenberg

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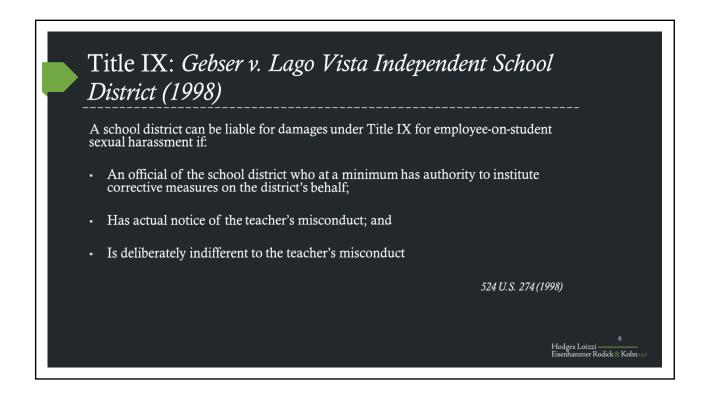






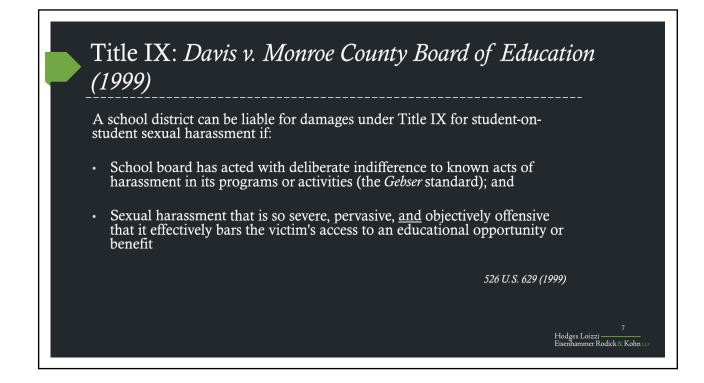
Title IX: Brief History

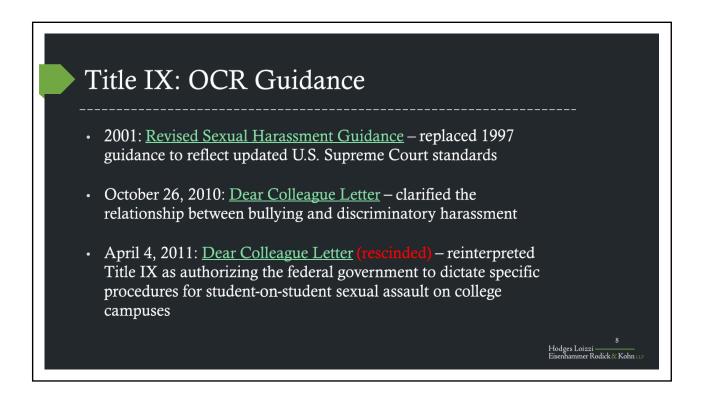
- 1997: OCR issues guidance on sexual harassment recognizing the responsibility of institutions to respond to allegations
- 1998: U.S. Supreme Court sets standard for teacher-on-student harassment liability as "deliberate indifference" after "actual notice" of misconduct (*Gebser v. Lago Vista School District*)
- 1999: U.S. Supreme Court narrows the definition of "sexual harassment" to require *Gebser* standard + "severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive" harassment (*Davis v. Monroe County Board of Education*)

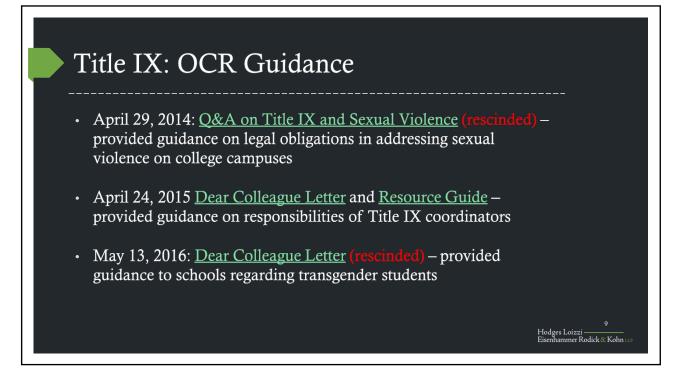


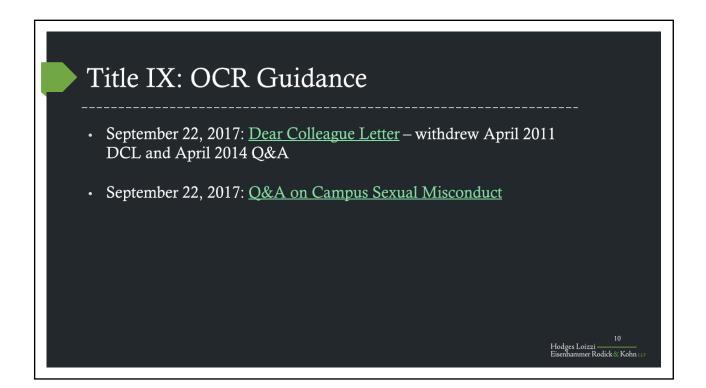
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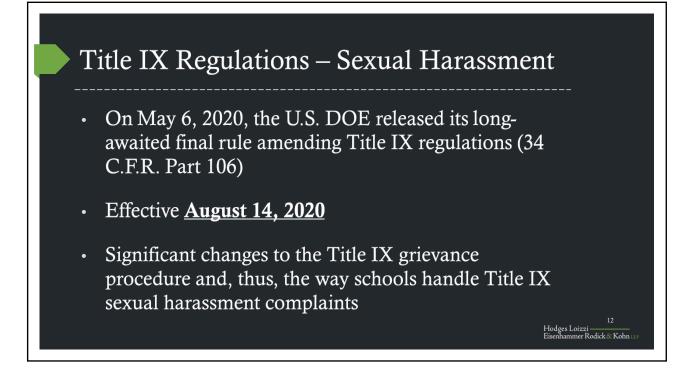


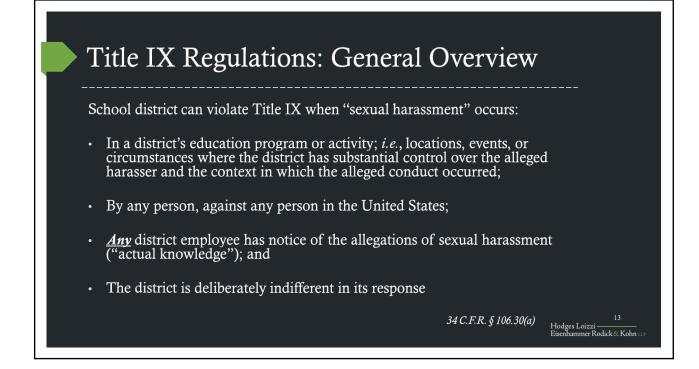


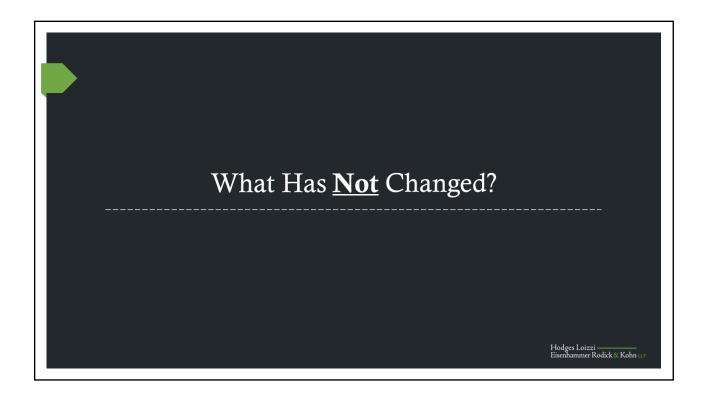




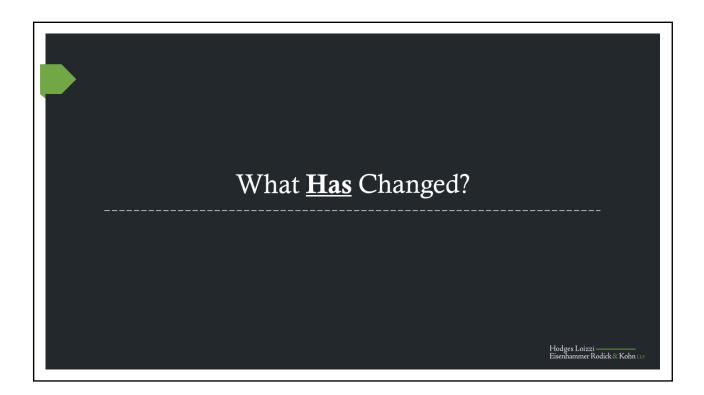














Terminology	
	Hodges Loizzi — Eisenhammer Rodick & Kohn ⊥1⊅



- Sexual Harassment
- Education Program or Activity
- Title IX Coordinator
- Actual Knowledge
- Deliberate Indifference

- Complainant
- Respondent
- Report of Sexual Harassment
- Formal Complaint
- Supportive Measures

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Sexual Harassment is defined as conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one of more of the following:

(1) An employee of the recipient conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the district on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct (*quid pro quc*);

(2) Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, <u>and</u> objectively offensive that it effectively denies the person equal access to the district's education program or activity (*hostile environment*); or

(3) "Sexual assault" as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v), "dating violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10), "domestic violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8), or "stalking" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30)

34 C.F.R. § 106.30(a) Hodges Loizzi Eisenhammer Rodick & Kohn II



Sexual Harassment

- "Sexual Assault" defined as forcible or nonforcible sex offense under the uniform crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v))
- "Dating Violence" defined as violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors: the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship (34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10))

Sexual Harassment

• "Domestic Violence" includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction (34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8))

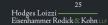
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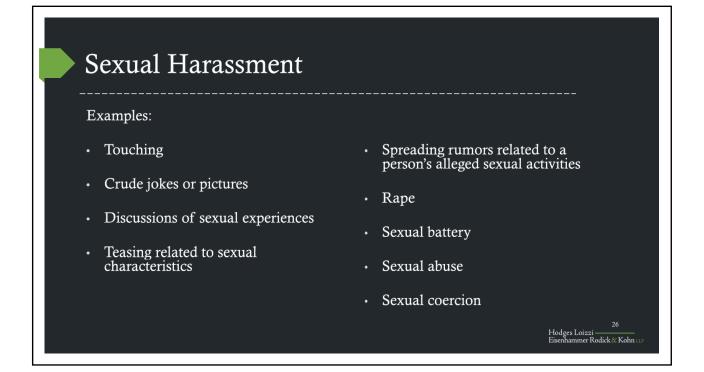
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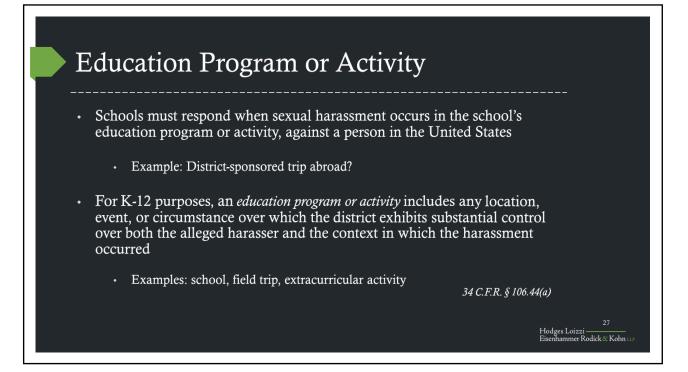
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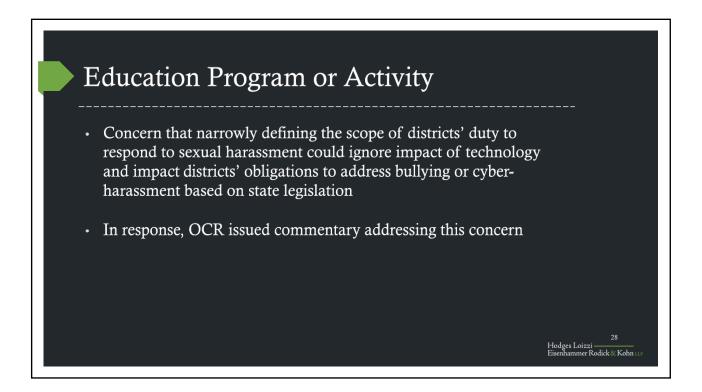
Sexual Harassment

• "Stalking" defined as engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress (34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30))









"[S]exual harassment definition does not make sexual harassment dependent on the method by which the harassment is carried out; use of e-mail, the internet, or other technologies may constitute sexual harassment as much as use of in-person, postal mail, handwritten, or other communications."

U.S. Dep't of Educ., OCR, *Title IX Regulations Addressing Sexual Harassment (Unofficial Copy)*, (May 6, 2020), www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/titleix-regs-unofficial.pdf (p. 441-442)

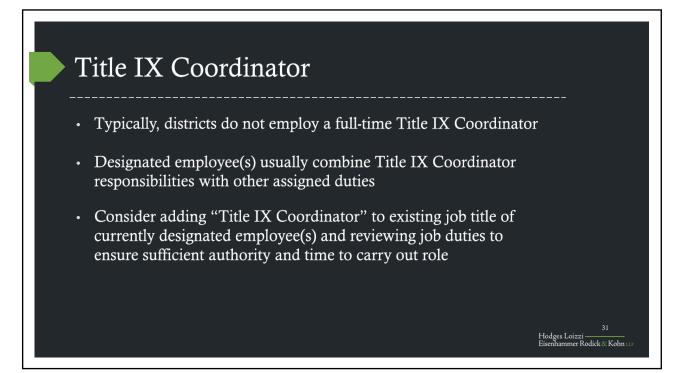
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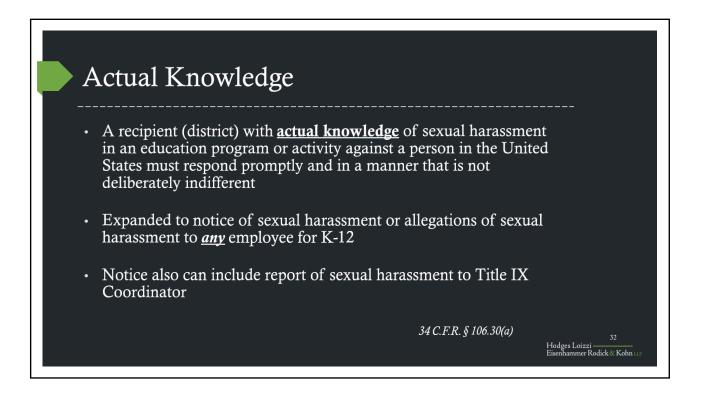
Title IX Coordinator

- Amended Title IX regulations require districts to designate and "authorize" an employee to coordinate the district's efforts to implement the law
- The employee is to be identified as the "Title IX Coordinator"
 - PRESS Policies updated to include "Nondiscrimination Coordinator/Title IX Coordinator"

34 C.F.R. § 106.8(a)

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Actual Knowledge

Previous OCR Guidance

A school has a responsibility to respond promptly and effectively if a school **knows or should have known** about sexual harassment

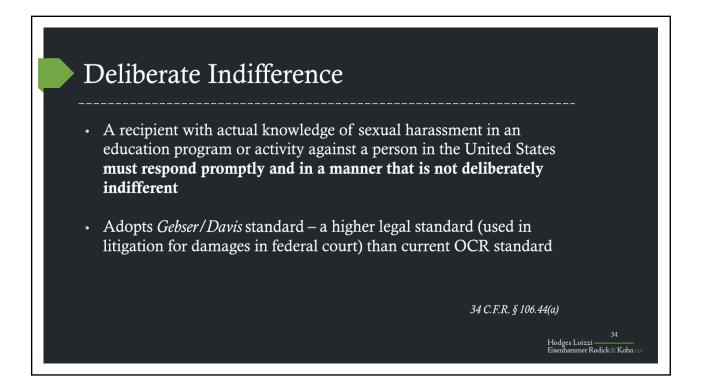
Amended Title IX Regulations

A school with **actual knowledge** of sexual harassment in a program or activity against a person in the United States must respond promptly and in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent

For K-12 educational institutions, actual knowledge of sexual harassment is defined as notice of sexual harassment or allegations of sexual harassment to <u>any</u> employee

34 C.F.R. § 106.30(a)

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Deliberate Indifference

Previous OCR Guidance

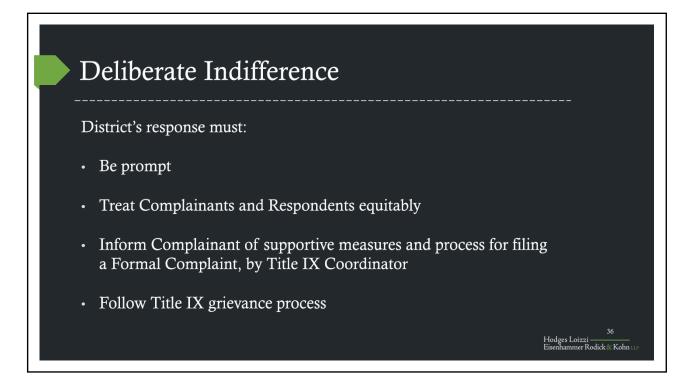
The district must take immediate action to eliminate the sexual harassment or sexual violence, prevent its recurrence, and address its effects

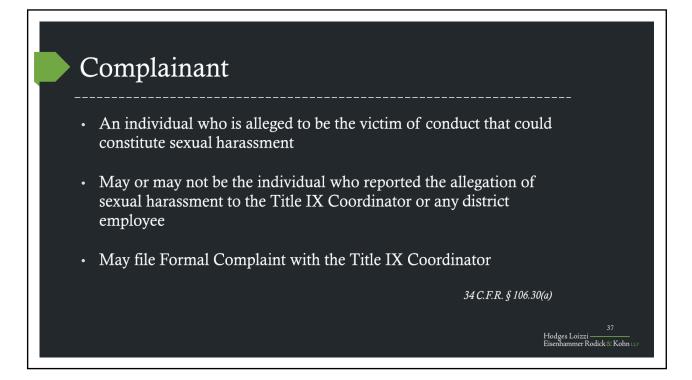
Amended Title IX Regulations

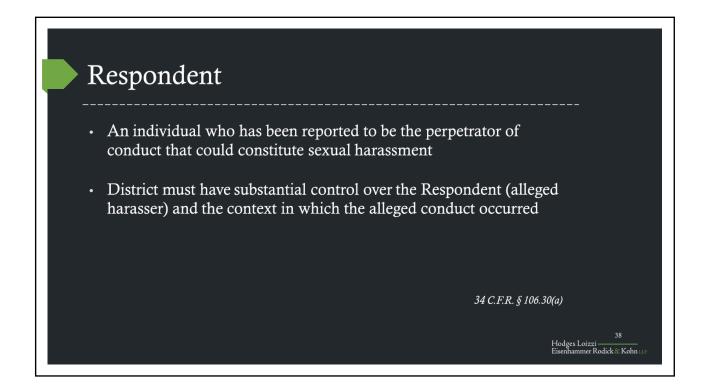
The district is "deliberately indifferent" only if its response is clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances

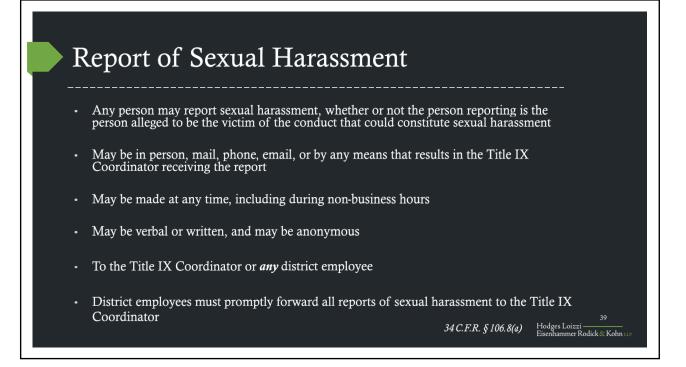
34 C.F.R. § 106.44(a)

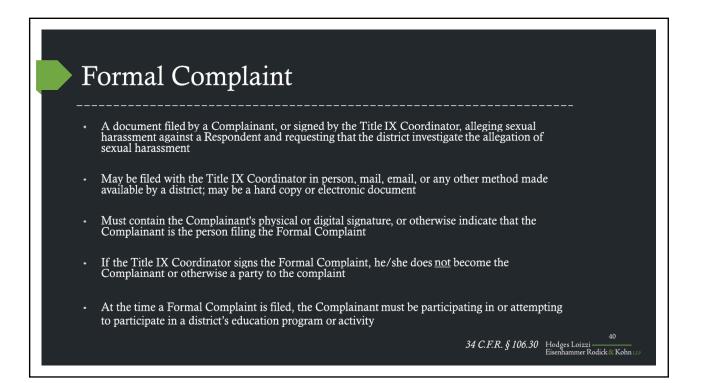
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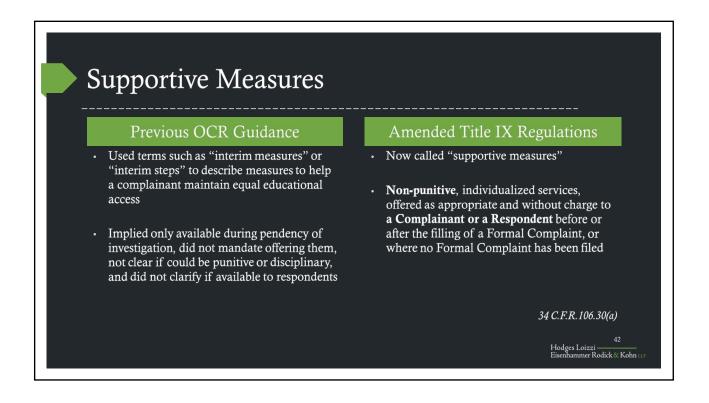






Supportive Measures

- Purpose is to restore or preserve equal access to the district's education program or activity without *unreasonably* burdening the other party
- Include measures designed to protect safety of all parties or district's educational environment, or deter sexual harassment
- Non-disciplinary, non-punitive measures
 - Removing Respondent from an activity may be considered *unreasonably* burdensome and punitive, unless an "emergency removal"



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Supportive Measures

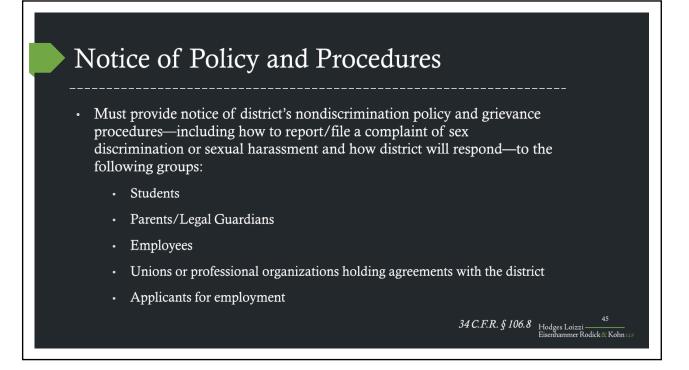
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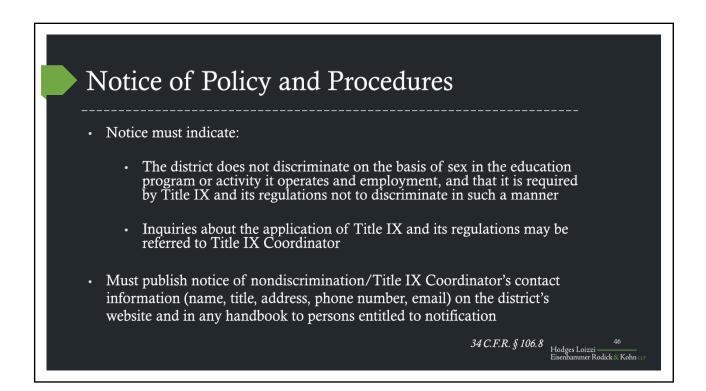
- Counseling services
- Extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments
- Modifications of work or class schedules
- Hall escort

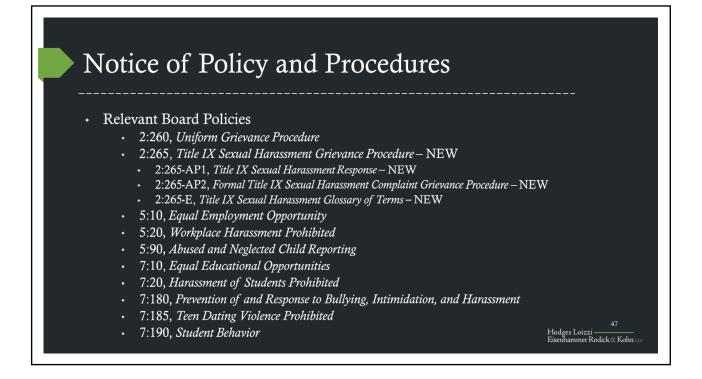
- Mutual restrictions on contact between parties
- Changes in work/school locations
- Leaves of absences
- Increased supervision of certain school areas

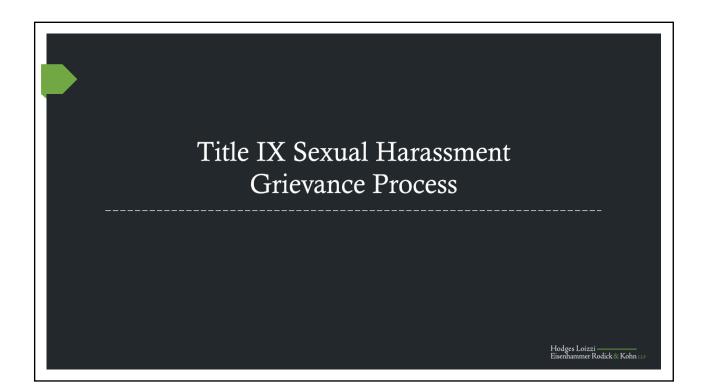
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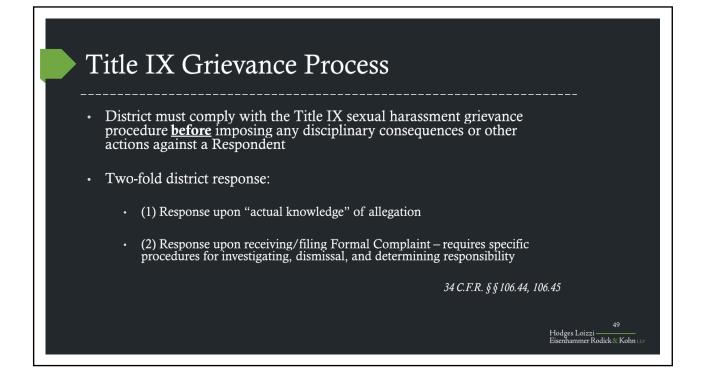


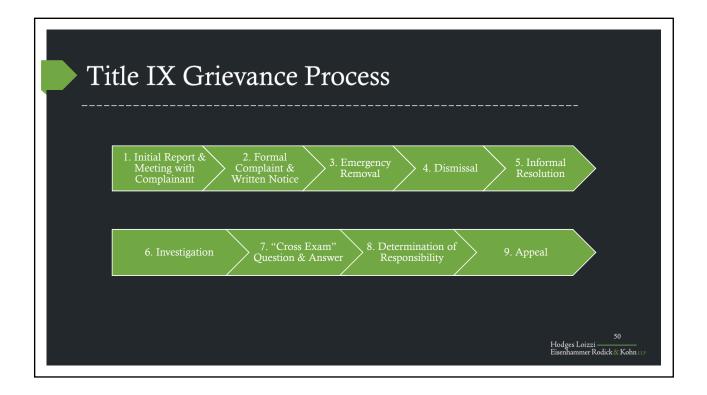


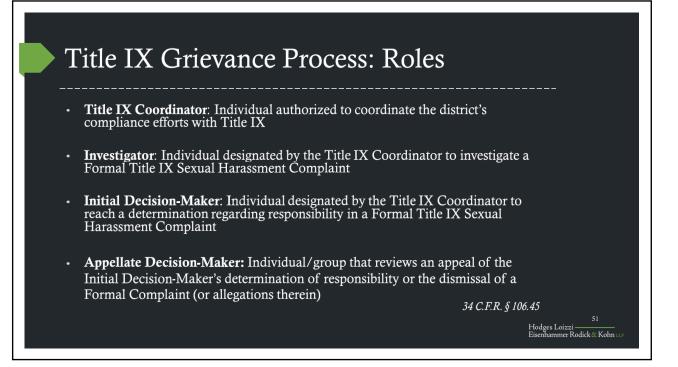


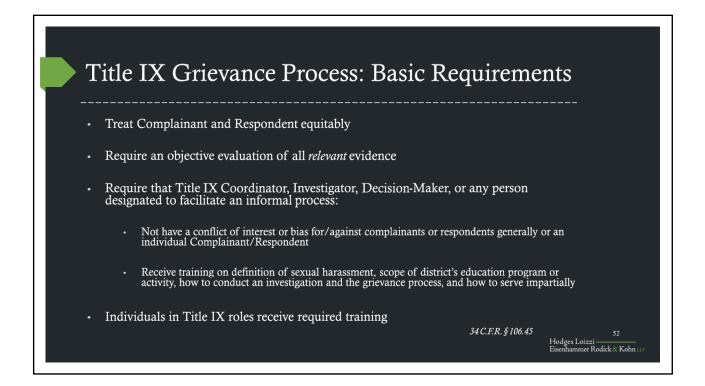


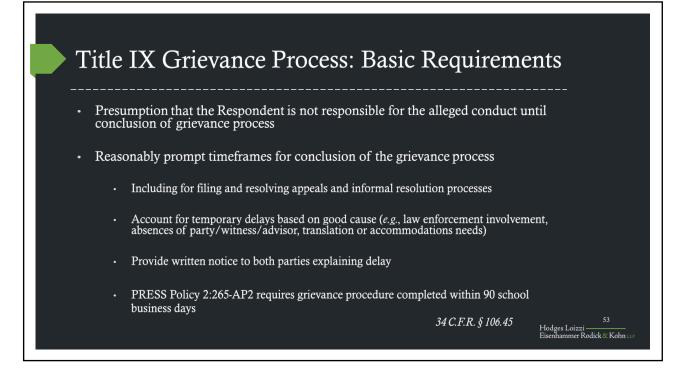


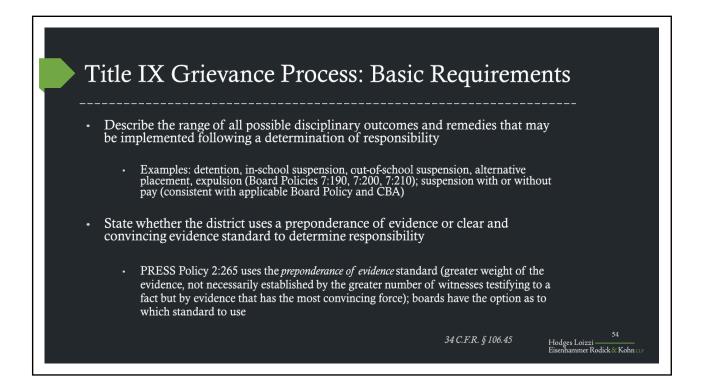


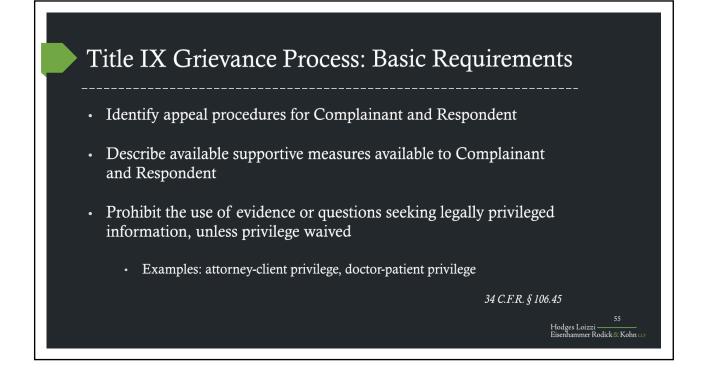


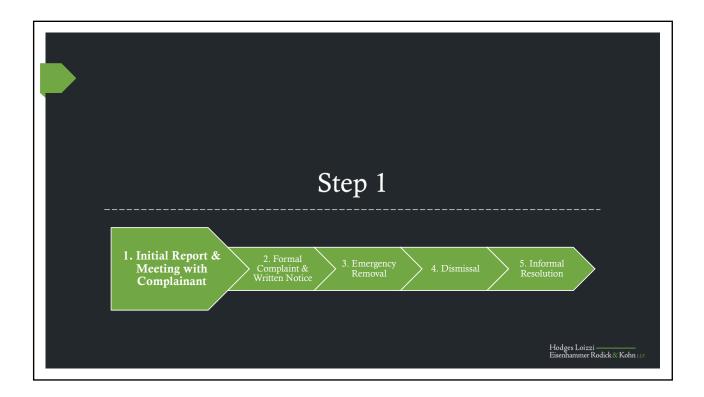




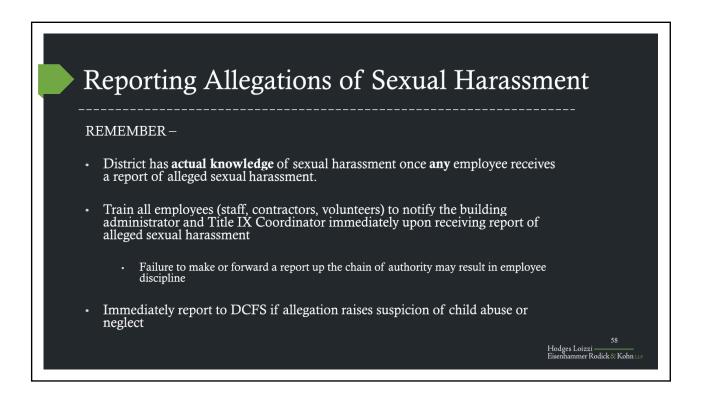


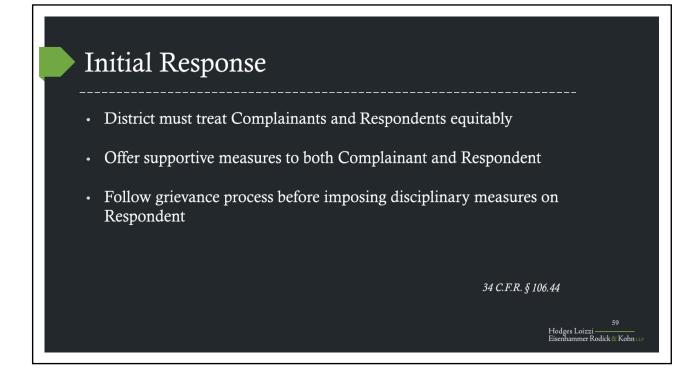




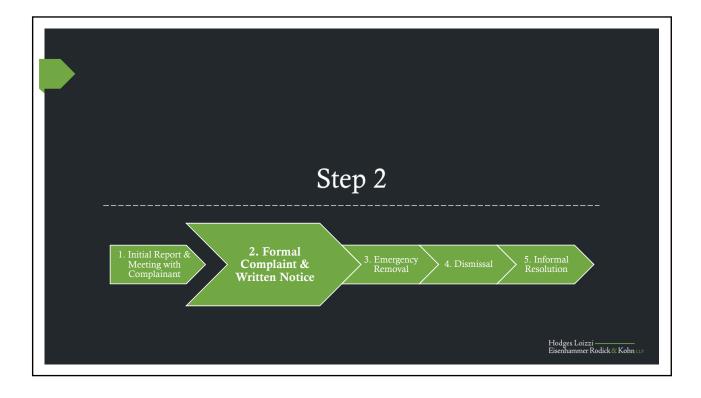


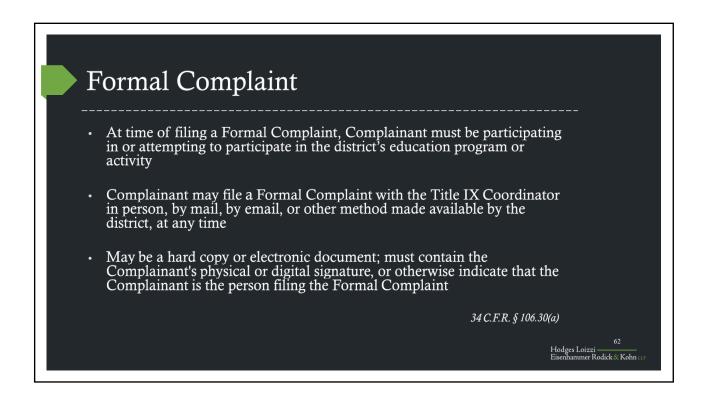


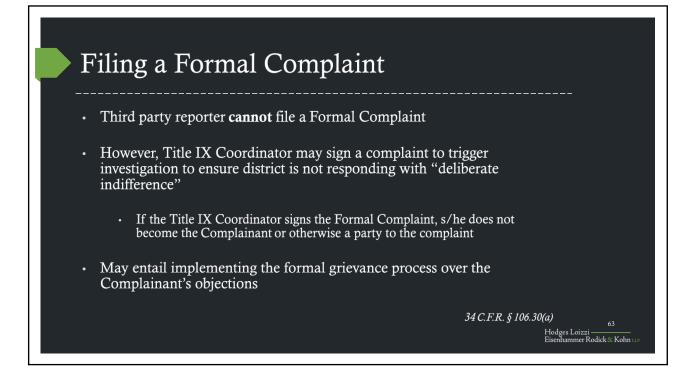


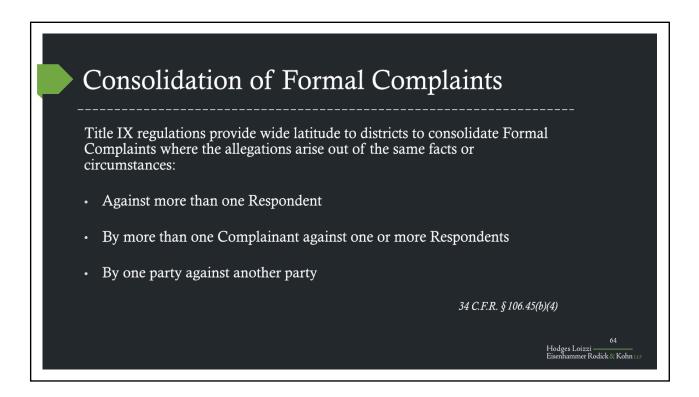










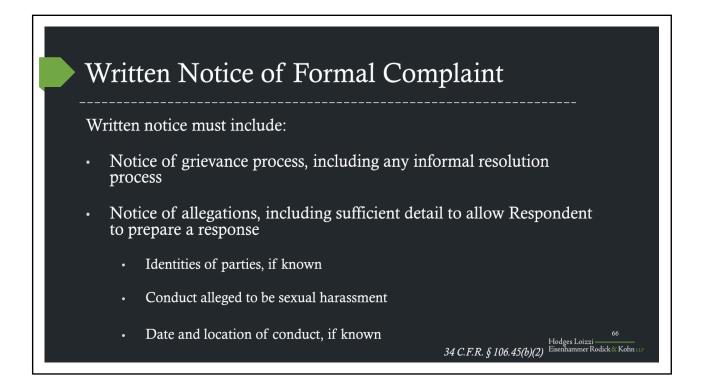


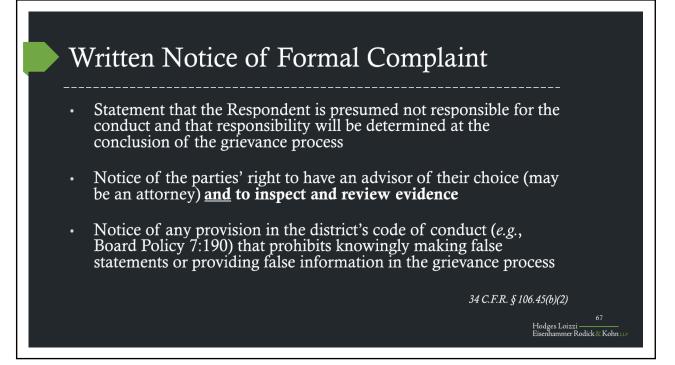
Written Notice of Formal Complaint

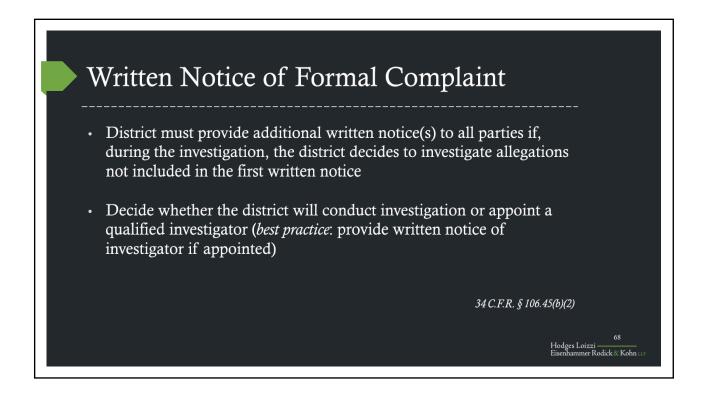
• Upon receipt of (or signing) a Formal Complaint, the district must provide written notice to **all known parties** in sufficient time to give the Respondent time to prepare a response *before* any initial interview

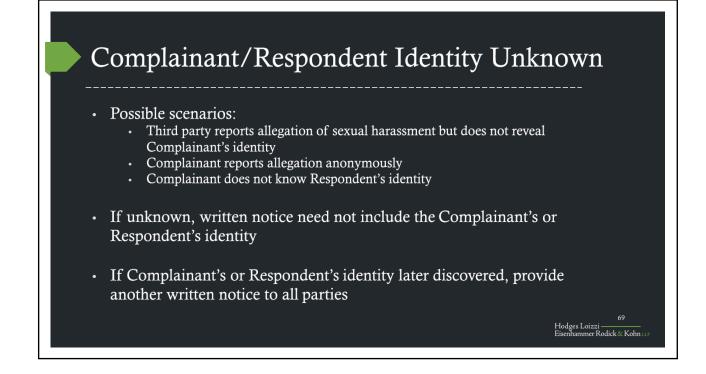
34 C.F.R. § 106.45(b)(2)

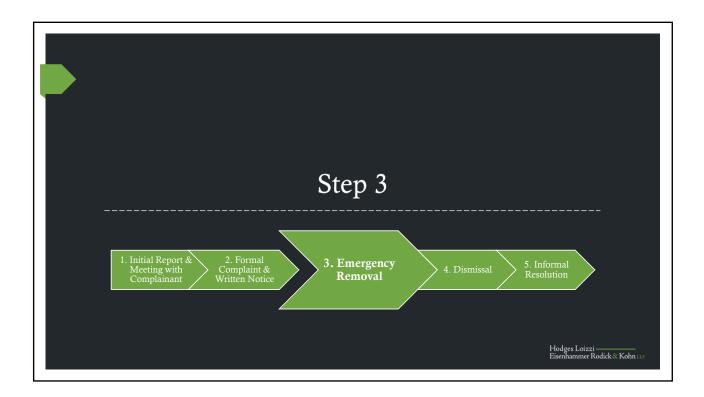
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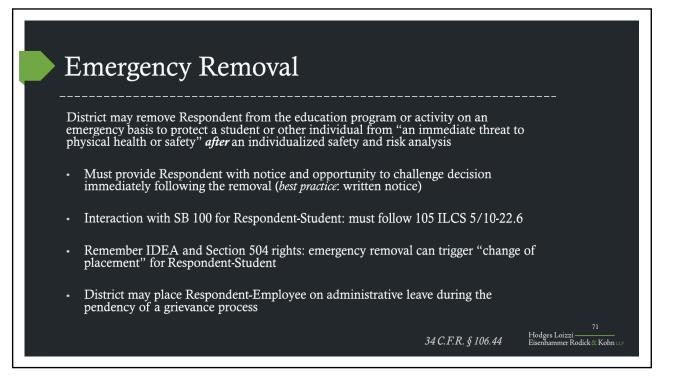


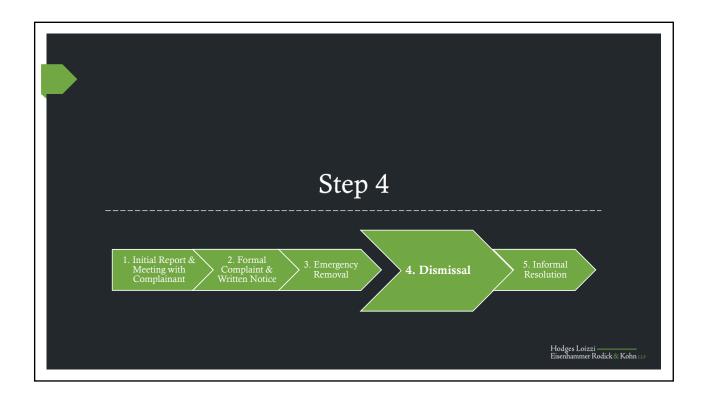


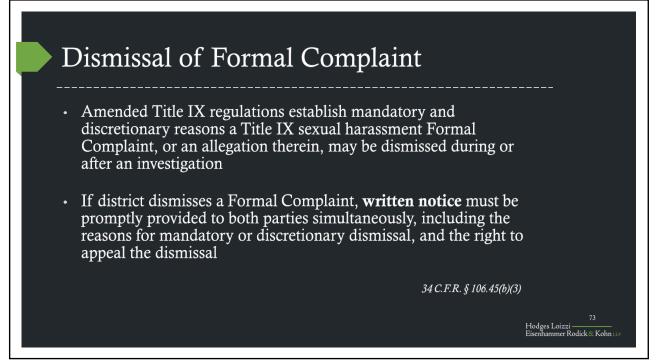


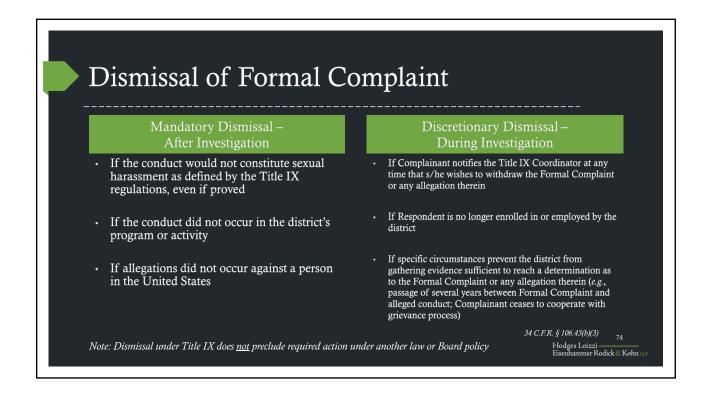


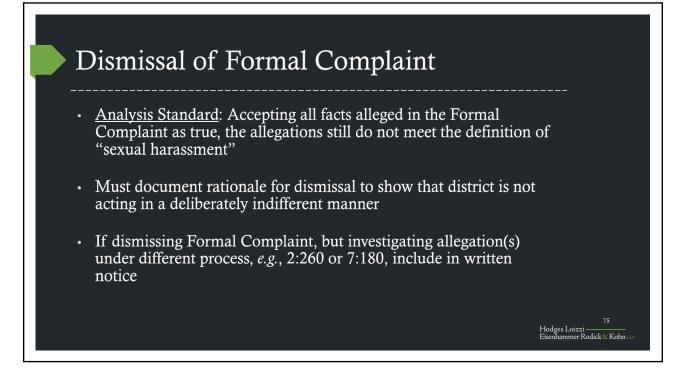


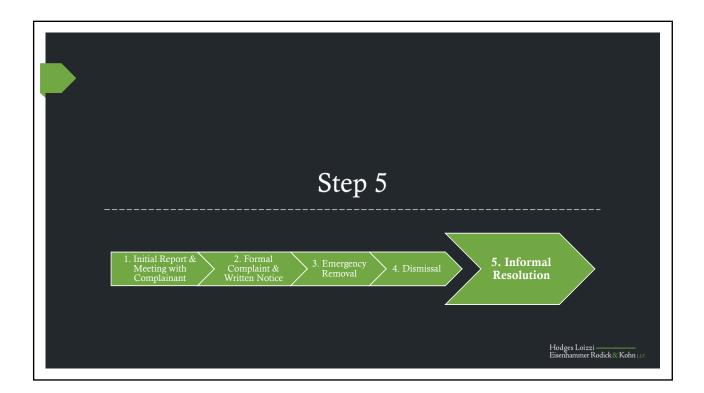




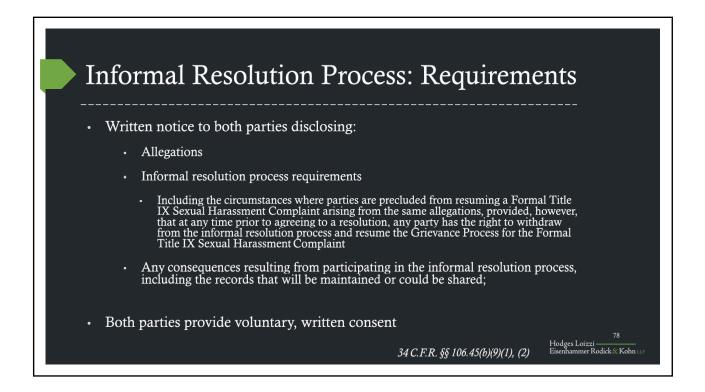


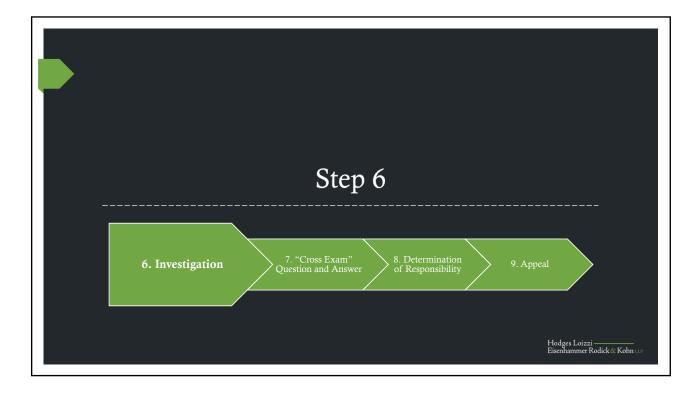


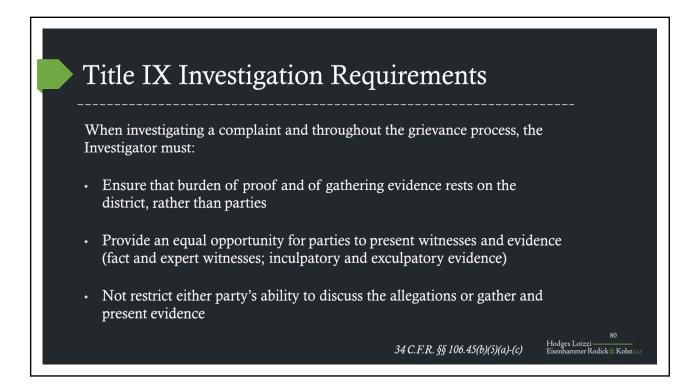


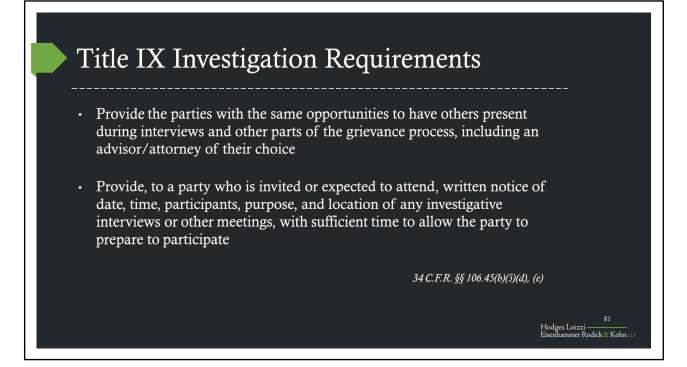


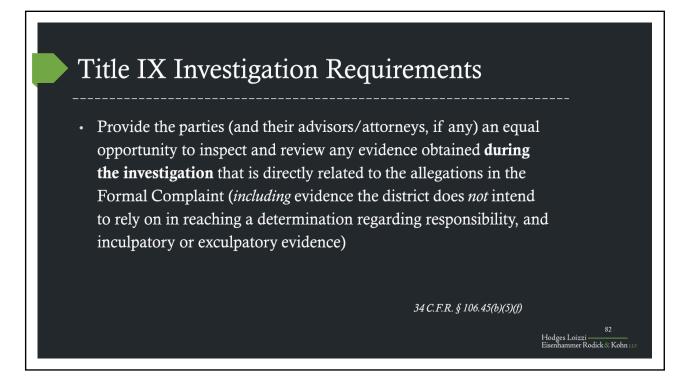
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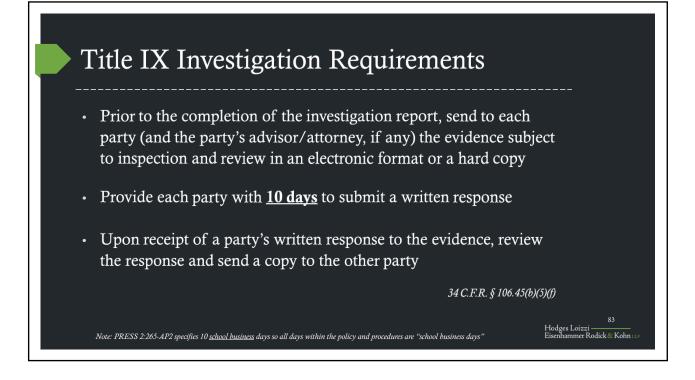


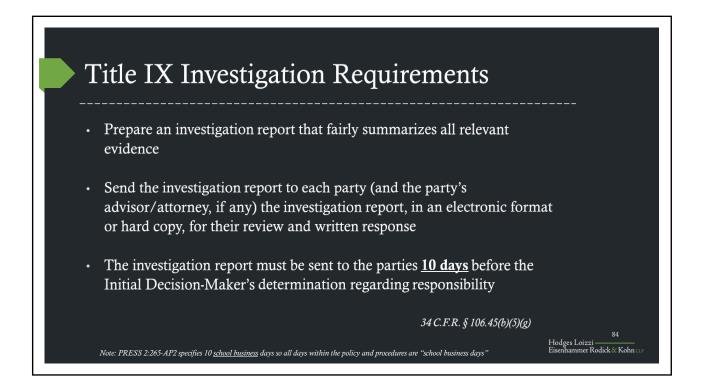


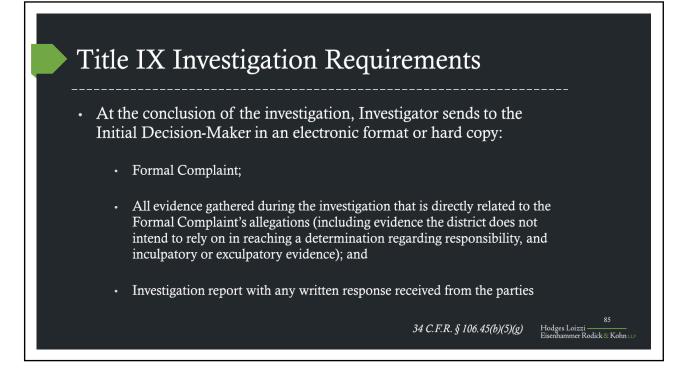






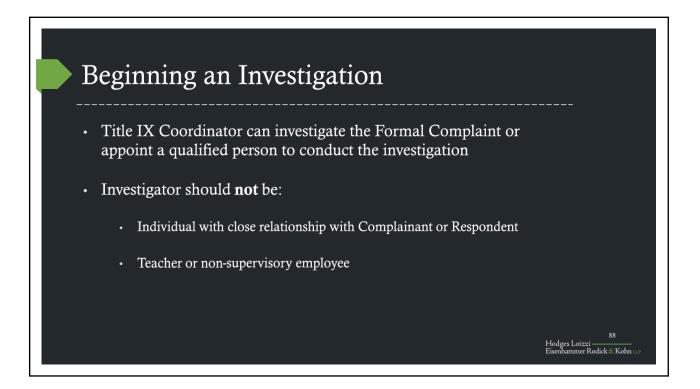


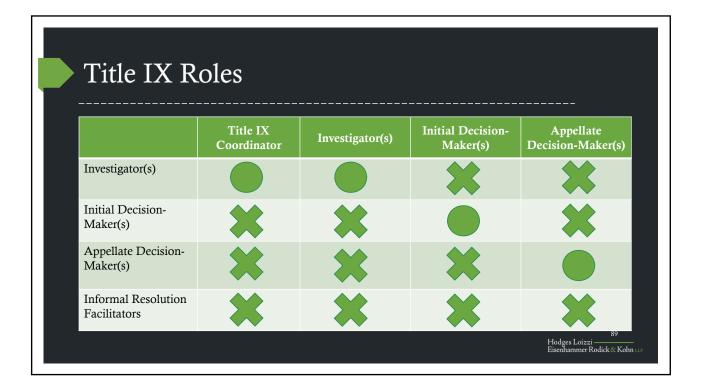


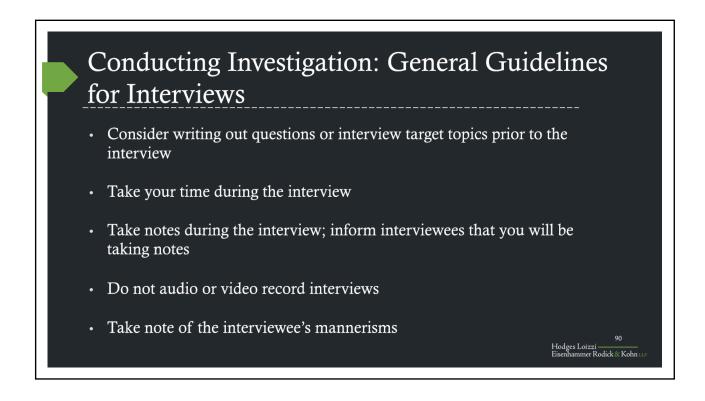






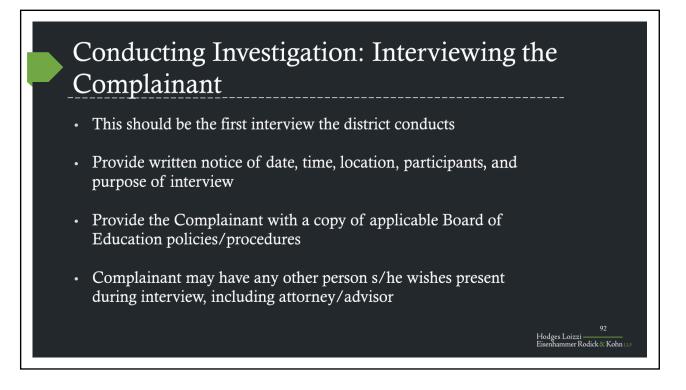








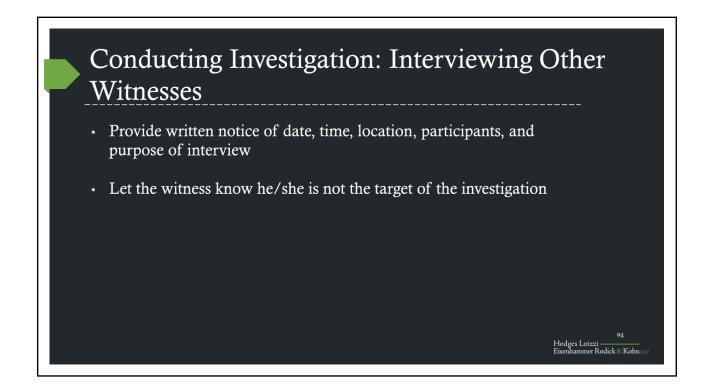
- · Start with open-ended questions to obtain what the interviewee knows
 - Follow up with specific questions about what was stated by the Complainant, Respondent, and witnesses
- Obtain sufficient details for each relevant incident, including:
 - Date and time
 - Location
 - Who was present
 - A detailed description of what occurred
 - Reaction(s) to the incident
- Follow up with Complainant, Respondent, or other witnesses, if necessary

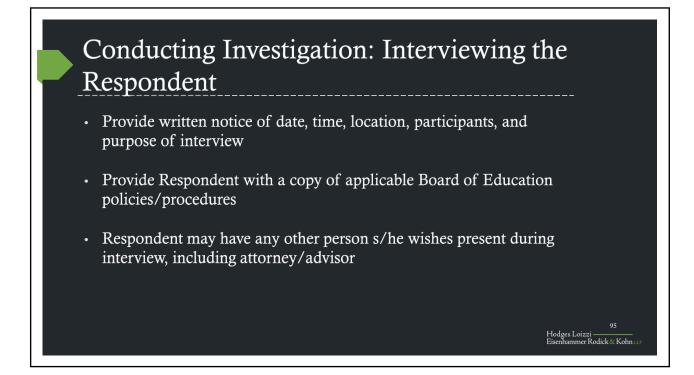


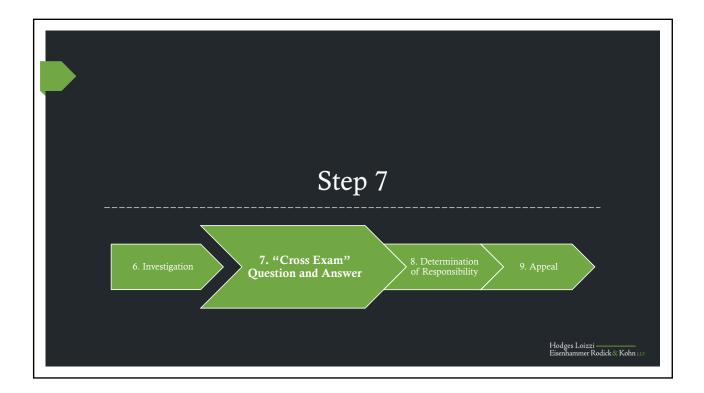
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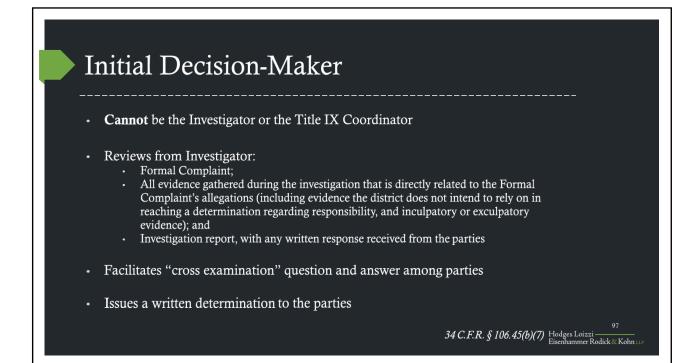
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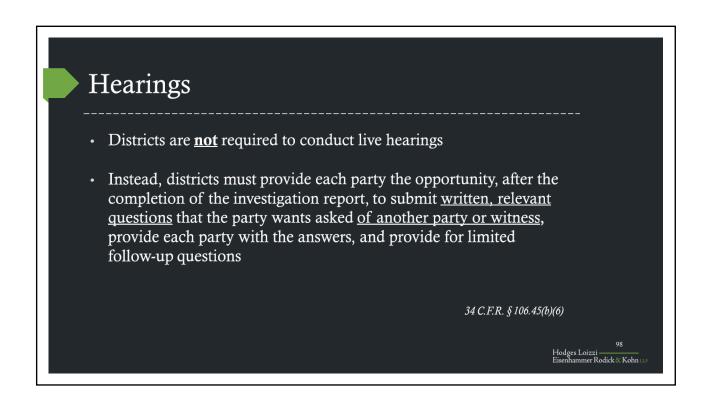


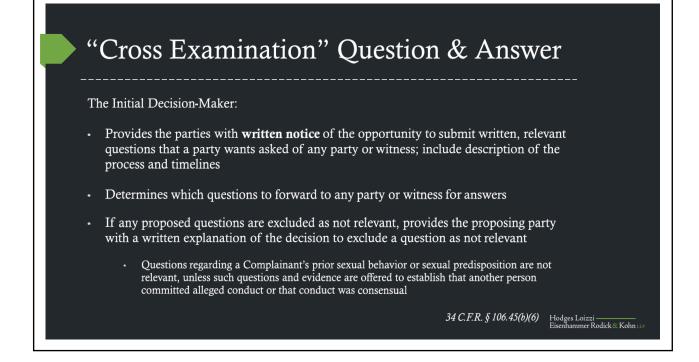


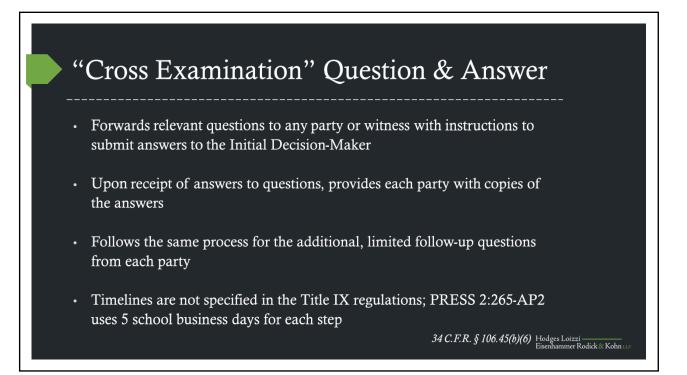


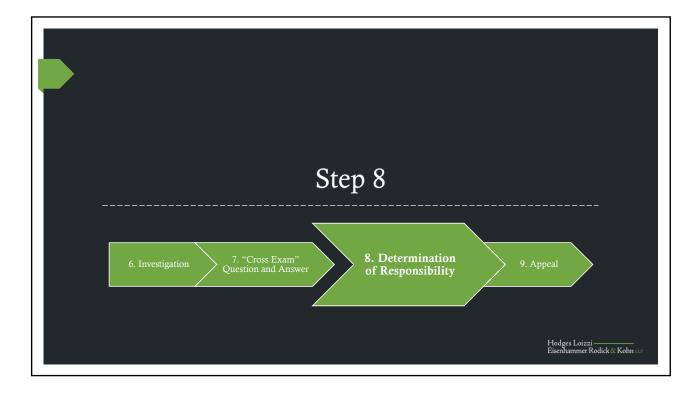


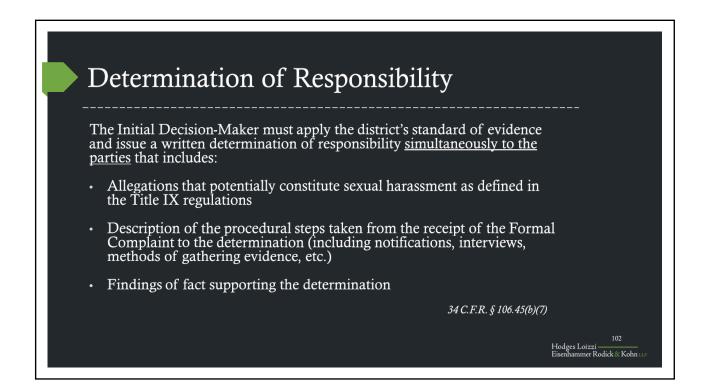


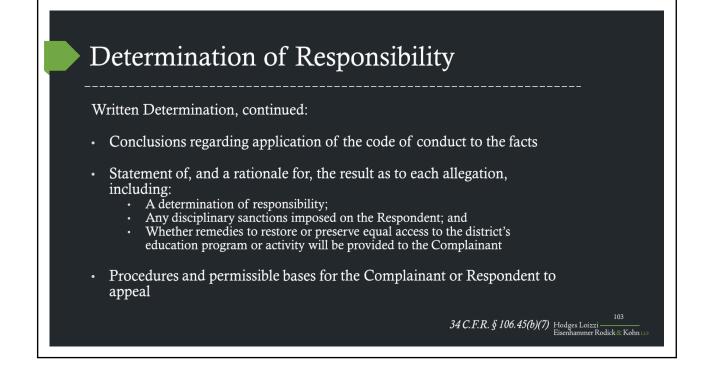












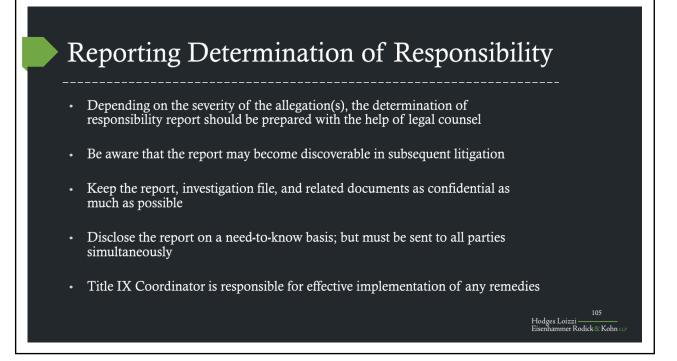
Evaluating Evidence

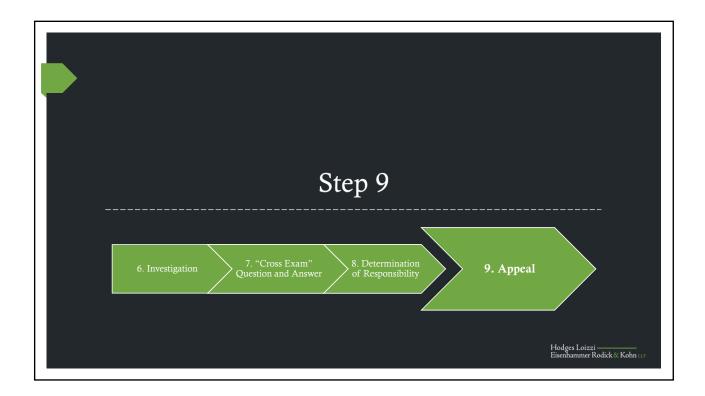
- Review all evidence from investigation, including the investigation report and responses from the parties, as well as additional information from the "cross examination" question and answer process
- Is there a pattern of conduct that would tend to support the allegations?
- Do not end the inquiry simply because no corroborating evidence can be found
- Make reasoned conclusions as to the evidence, including making reasoned judgments as to the parties' credibility

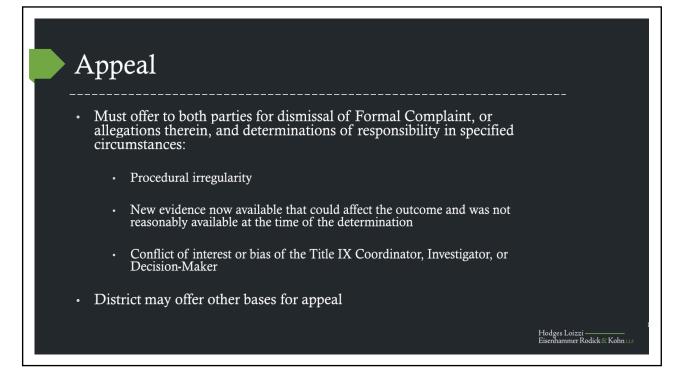
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104

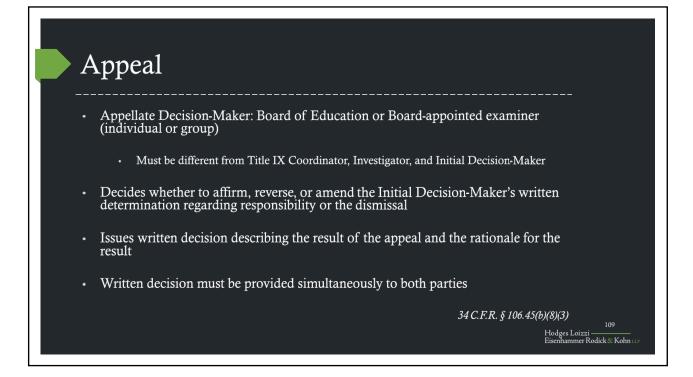
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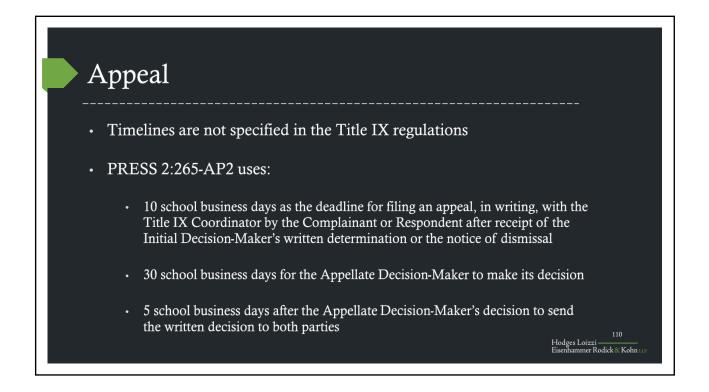


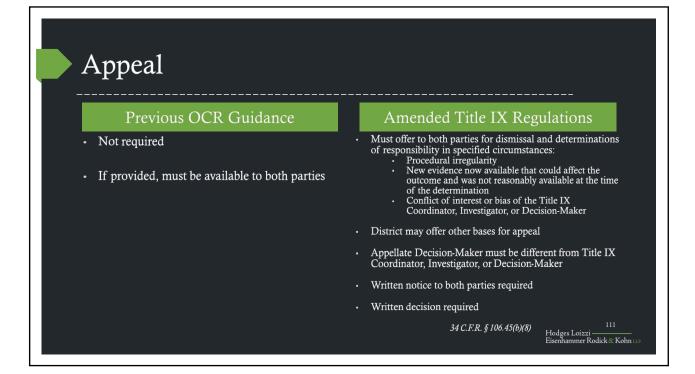


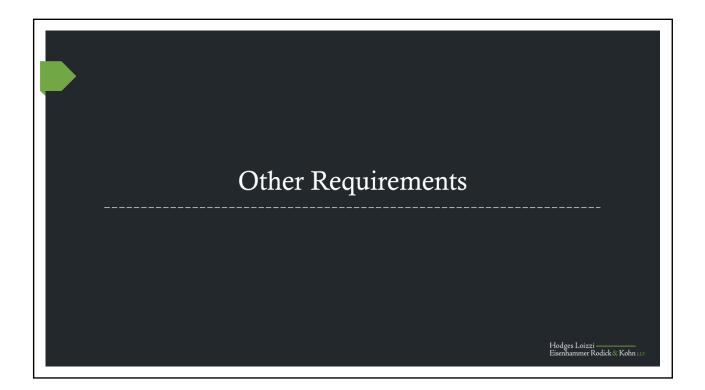


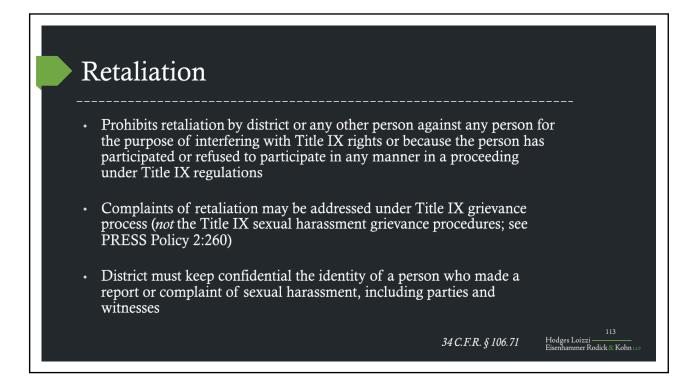


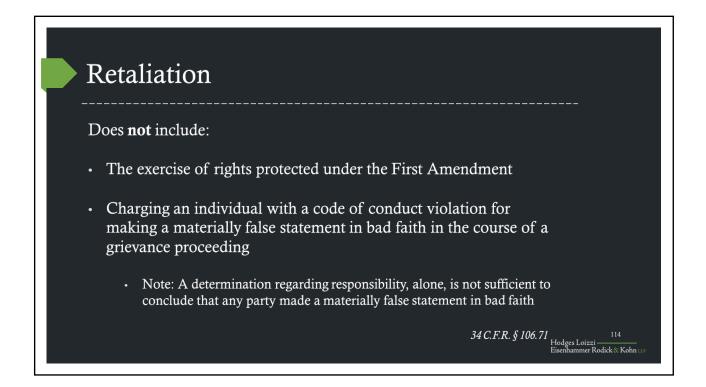








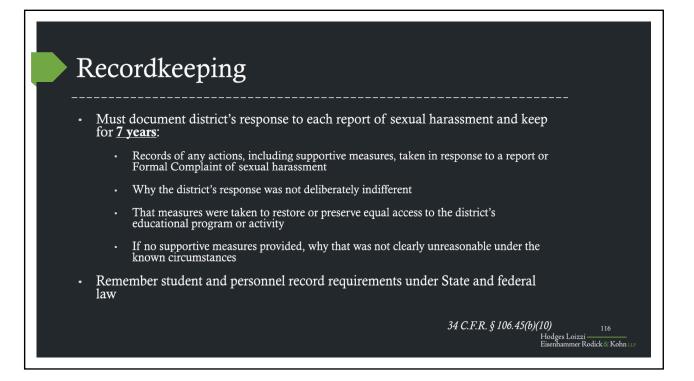




Recordkeeping

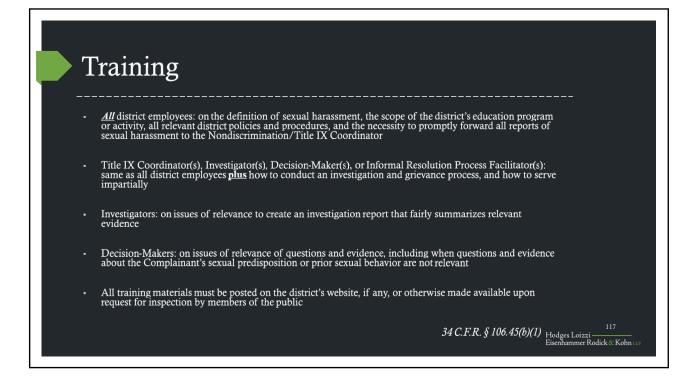
Must keep records for a minimum of 7 years:

- Investigation records
- Written determination of responsibility
- Disciplinary sanctions
- · Appeal records and written decision
- Any informal resolution records and the result
- All Title IX training materials (posted on website)



34 C.F.R. § 106.45(b)(10)

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Questions?
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